

SYLLABUS

Subject: LAW

Note:

There are two Papers for each of the subjects. Paper – I on Teaching and Research aptitude, Paper – II based on the syllabus of concerned subjects. Details are furnished below:

PAPER – I

Subject : General Paper on Teaching & Research Aptitude

The Test is intended to assess the teaching/research aptitude of the candidate. They are supposed to possess and exhibit cognitive abilities like comprehension, analysis, evaluation, understanding the structure of arguments, evaluating and distinguishing deductive and inductive reasoning, weighing the evidence with special reference to analogical arguments and inductive generalization, evaluating, classification and definition, avoiding logical inconsistency rising out of failure to see logical relevance due to ambiguity and vagueness in language. The candidates are also supposed to have a general acquaintance with the nature of a concept, meaning and criteria of truth, and the source of knowledge. There will be 50 questions for Paper – I.

1. The Test will be conducted in objective mode. The Test will consist of two Papers. All the two Papers will consist of only objective type questions and will be held on the day of Test in two separate sessions as under :

Session	Paper	Number of Questions	Marks	Duration
First	I	50 question	$50 \times 2 = 100$	1 Hours
Second	II	100 questions	$100 \times 2 = 200$	2 Hours

2. Candidates who appear in two Papers and secure at least 40% aggregate marks for candidates belonging to General Category and at least 35% aggregate marks for candidates belonging to reserved categories will be declared qualifies for Eligibility for Assistant Professor by following the reservation policy of the State Government.
3. The Syllabus of Paper – II and Paper – III will be combined for Paper – II of each subject.

LAW**PAPER-II****1. Constitutional Law of India**

Preamble

Fundamental Rights and Duties

Directive Principles of State Policy

Judiciary

Executive

Union State Legislative Relations

Emergency Provisions

Amendment of the Constitution

Writ Jurisdiction

2. Legal Theory

Nature and Sources of Law

Positivism, Natural Law Theory, Sociological Jurisprudence

Theories of Punishment

Rights and Duties

Concepts of Possession and Ownership

3. Public International Law

Nature of International Law and its relationship with Municipal Law.

Sources of International Law

Recognition of States and Governments

United Nations

Settlement of International Disputes

Human Rights

4. Family Law

Concepts in Family Law

Sources of Family Law in India

Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage

5. Law of Contracts—General Principles

Essentials of a valid contract

Offer, acceptance and consideration

Capacity to Contract—Minor's contract

Elements vitiating contract—mistake, fraud, misrepresentation, public policy, coercion, undue influence, frustration of contract.

Remedies for breach of contract—Damages.

6. Law of Torts

Foundation of Tortious Liability

General Defences to act action of Torty

Vicarious Liability

Remoteness of Damages

Contributory Negligence

Absolute and Strict Liability

7. Law of Crimes—General Principles

Nature and Definition of Offence

General Exceptions

Common Intention and Common Object

Criminal Attempt, Conspiracy and Abetment

Offences against Woman

8. Labour Law

Concepts—Industry, Industrial Dispute and Workman

Trade Unions—Rights and Immunities of Registered Trade Union; Registration and its advantages.

Methods for Settlement of Industrial Disputes under Industrial Diputes Act, 1947

Strike and Lockout as Instruments of Collective Bargaining

Retrenchment, Lay-off and Closures

PAPER–III

[CORE and ELECTIVE/OPTIONAL]

Unit–I

Essential Features of Indian Constitution
 Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and States
 Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy
 Judiciary
 Parliament and State Legislatures
 Amending Process of the Constitution
 Role of Election Commission in Democratic Process

Unit–II

Nature, Scope and Importance of Administrative Law
 Principles of Natural Justice
 Administrative Discretion and its control
 Judicial Review of Administrative Action–Writ Jurisdiction
 Lokpal and Lokayukta

Unit–III

Nature and Sources of Law
 Legal Concepts–Right, Duty, Ownership, Possession and Person
 Judicial Process–Application of Doctrine of Precedent of India
 Judicial Contribution in Bringing Social Changes

: Law and Morality

Unit–IV

General Principles of Criminal Law–meaning, nature, essentials and stages of offence.
 Joint Liability; Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy
 Offences against Human Body

Offences against Property

Defamation

Unit–V

Environmental Pollution–Meaning of Environment and Environmental Pollution; Kinds of Pollution
 Legislative Measures for Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution in India–Air and Water Pollution and General Protection of Environment
 International Development for protection of Environmental Pollution
 Remedies for Environmental Protection–Civil, Criminal and Constitutional
 Importance of Forest and Wildlife in protecting environment
 Environmental impact assessment and control of Hazardous wastes

Unit–VI

Nature of International Law and its sources
 Concept of sovereignty and its relevance today
 Recognition of State and Governments
 Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and Status of Refugees
 International Court of Justice
 UNO and its organs
 Global Trade Regime under International Law

Unit–VII

Marriage
 Divorce
 Adoption and Guardianship
 Maintenance
 Matrimonial Remedies

Uniform Civil Code

Unit–VIII

Concept and Development of Human Rights

Contribution of United Nations in the development and implementation of Human Rights

Implementation of Human Rights in India–Role of National Human Right Commission

Potection of Marginalised Groups–Woman, Children, Minorities and Refugees

Unit–IX

Nature and definition of Tort

General Principles of Tortuous Liability

Specific Torts–Negligence, Nuisance and Defamation

Absolute Liability–Emerging trends in India

Consumer Protection–Evolution of Consumer Rights and Redressal of Consumer Grievances

Unit–X

Partnership Act–Nature and essentials of partnership mutual rights and liabilities of partners, advantages of registration of firms

Sales of Goods Act

Negotiable Instruments Act

Company Law–Role of Directors, Doctrines of Indoor Management and Ultra Vires